## In the Claims:

## 1. (previously presented) A compound represented by formula I:

$$R^{40}$$
 $R^{40}$ 
 $R^{60}$ 
 $R^{60}$ 

wherein,

n is 3, or 4;

R represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently H, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>; or  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, P(O)OH, or P(O)OR<sup>5</sup>;

 $R^3$  is amino,  $-N_3$ , or  $-NH_3X$ ;

R<sup>4</sup> represents independently for each occurrence alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>, or -P(O)(OR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup> represents independently for each occurrence H, Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Rb<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup>, aryl, or an optionally substituted alkyl group; and

X is a halogen, alkyl carboxylate, or aryl carboxylate.

## 2. (canceled)

3. (original) The compound of claim 1, wherein n is 3.

- 4. (original) The compound of claim 1, wherein R is H.
- 5. (original) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> taken together are P(O)OR<sup>5</sup>.
- 6. (original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^3$  is  $N_3$ .
- 7. (original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^3$  is  $-NH_3X$ .
- 8. (**previously presented**) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> represents independently for each occurrence -CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>.
- 9. (**previously presented**) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> represents independently for each occurrence -CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, -or P(O)OR<sup>5</sup>; and R<sup>5</sup> is an optionally substituted alkyl group.
- 10. (canceled)
- 11. (previously presented) A compound represented by formula II:

II

wherein,

n is 3, or 4;

R represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>;

 $R^1$  is -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub> or trichloroacetimidate; and m is 1-6.

- 12. (canceled)
- 13. (original) The compound of claim 11, wherein n is 3.

- 14. (original) The compound of claim 11, wherein m is 3.
- 15. **(original)** The compound of claim 11, wherein R represents independently for each occurrence -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>.
- 16. **(original)** The compound of claim 11, wherein R represents independently for each occurrence benzyl or -Si(iPr)<sub>3</sub>.
- 17. (**previously presented**) The compound of claim 11, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is trichloroacetimidate and R represents independently for each occurrence benzyl or -Si(iPr)<sub>3</sub>.
- 18. (previously presented) The compound of claim 11, wherein said compound of formula

  II is selected from the group consisting of:

Claims 19-30 (canceled)

31. (currently amended) A compound represented by formula I:

wherein,

R represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are independently H, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>; or  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, P(O)OH, or P(O)OR<sup>5</sup>;

 $R^3$  is [[amino, -N<sub>3</sub>, or]] -NH<sub>3</sub>X;

 $R^4$  represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>, or -P(O)(OR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup> represents independently for each occurrence H, Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Rb<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup>, aryl, or an optionally substituted alkyl group; and

R<sup>6</sup> represents independently for each occurrence alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>, or -P(O)(OR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;

X is a halogen, alkyl carboxylate, or aryl carboxylate.

## Claims 32-36 (canceled)

- 37. (currently amended) The compound of claim 31, wherein R is H;  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are  $P(O)OR^5$ ;  $[[R^3 \text{ is -NH}_3X;]] R^4 \text{ is H}$ ; and  $R^6 \text{ is -P}(O)(OR^5)_2$ .
- 38. (previously presented) A compound represented by formula I:

$$R^{40}$$
 $R^{40}$ 
 $R$ 

wherein,

n is 1;

R represents independently for each occurrence H, alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, or -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>;

R<sup>1</sup> is -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>;

 $R^2$  is -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>; or  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  taken together are C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, P(O)OH, or P(O)OR<sup>5</sup>;

 $R^3$  is amino,  $-N_3$ , or  $-NH_3X$ ;

 $R^4$  represents independently for each occurrence alkyl, aryl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-aryl, -C(O)-alkyl, -C(O)-aryl, -Si(alkyl)<sub>3</sub>, or -P(O)(OR<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>5</sup> represents independently for each occurrence H, Li<sup>+</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, K<sup>+</sup>, Rb<sup>+</sup>, Cs<sup>+</sup>, aryl, or an optionally substituted alkyl group; and

X is a halogen, alkyl carboxylate, or aryl carboxylate.